



## Description



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### Author

Dr. T.Nagarathinam , Mr. T.Venkatesan , Dr.K.Arulmozhi

### Abstract

The detection and classification of plant leaf diseases is critical for ensuring sustainable agricultural productivity. This survey presents a unified and comprehensive overview of supervised, unsupervised, and semi-supervised learning techniques applied to plant leaf disease detection and classification. Supervised approaches such as Convolutional Neural Networks (CNNs), Support Vector Machines (SVMs), and ensemble models have demonstrated high accuracy but require extensive labeled datasets. Unsupervised methods, including K-means clustering, autoencoders, and anomaly detection algorithms, offer promising results with

unlabeled data, especially in early-stage disease detection. Meanwhile, semi-

supervised learning bridges the gap by leveraging small labeled and abundant

unlabeled data through frameworks such as self-training, GANs, and hybrid models